Target Quarterly Report Summary and Fact Sheets for quarter ending 31 March 2025

On Track

Probable

	TARGET	Baseline		Current Quarter	Previous Status	Current Status	SUMMARY
1	Shorter stays in emergency departments 95% of patients to be admitted, discharged, or transferred from an emergency department within six hours.	68.0% (Sep 2023)	67.5% (Sep 2024)	72.1% (Dec 2024)			Improved quarterly results and improved results compared with the same quarter in the prior year. Despite demand continuing to grow, more patients are being seen within 6 hours.
2	Shorter wait times for elective treatment 95% of people wait less than four months for elective treatment.	62.0% (Sep 2023)	62.2% (Sep 2024)	59.2% (Dec 2024)			Results have declined compared to the previous quarter and the same quarter in the prior year. Looking ahead to address rising patient demand, the Government's 'electives boost' has delivered (as of 11 May) 9,696 additional elective procedures.
3	Reduced child and youth offending 15% reduction in the total number of children and young people (<900 people) with serious and persistent offending behaviour.	1,100 (Jun 2023)	974 (Nov 2024)	942 (Feb 2025)			Target on track. A continued reduction in the number of children and young people with serious and persistent offending behaviour, with a reduction of 32 since the last quarterly report.
4	Reduced violent crime 20,000 fewer people who are victims of an assault, robbery, or sexual assault (165,000 people).	185,000 (Oct 2023)	190,806 (Oct 2024)	157,144 (Feb 2025)			Target was met in February 2025. There has been a reduction of ~28,000 adults experiencing violent crime from the baseline. The Government is focused on continuing to reduce victims of violent crime, noting that quarterly results may fluctuate.
5	Fewer people on the Jobseeker Support benefit 50,000 fewer people on Jobseeker Support benefit (140,000 people).		213,300 (Dec 2024)	209,800 (Mar 2025)			3,500 fewer people on Jobseeker Support Benefit since the last report. Flows into Jobseeker Support Benefit are expected to decrease as economic conditions improve, and as welfare system interventions are embedded over 2025.
6	Increased student attendance 80% of students are present for more than 90% of the term.	53.0% (T4, 2023)	51.3% (T3, 2024)	58.1% (T4, 2024)			Improvement from Term 4 2023 to Term 4 2024. Schools are submitting their daily attendance data, which is published for schools, parents and the public to view.
7	More students at expected curriculum levels 80% of Year 8 students at or above the expected curriculum level for their age in reading, writing and maths by December 2030.	22% Maths 47% Reading (T4, 2023)	N/A (Next updat	N/A te Jun 2025)			Good progress by schools implementing curriculum changes in Term 1, 2025 and delivering on the Government's Maths Action Plan including new Maths resources and supports for over 600,000 students.
8	Fewer people in emergency housing 75% fewer households in emergency housing (<800 households).	3,141 (Dec 2023)	591 (Dec 2024)	528 (Mar 2025)			Target was met in December 2024. The number of households in emergency housing has reduced by 83% from baseline. As of 31 March, 972 Priority One households (with 2,055 children) have been housed in a social housing tenancy.
9	Reduced net greenhouse gas emissions On track to meet New Zealand's 2050 net zero climate change targets, with total net emissions of no more than 290 megatonnes from 2022 to 2025 and 305 megatonnes from 2026 to 2030.	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	EE		Emissions projections give confidence that Target 9 can be achieved. On track to achieve EB1, and EB2 can be met with the implementation of additional policies in Emissions Reduction Plan 2 (announced December 2024).

Feasible

At Risk

Unachievable