

# National Risk and Resilience Framework

Drives action and provides assurance

The strategic actions government will take to proactively build resilience to National Risks and ensure New Zealand's safety and future prosperity



## NATIONAL RISK REGISTER

Identify and assess National Risks – the most serious hazards and threats facing New Zealand.

- Identify key causes and major consequences, and potential risk management gaps and priority actions, across National Risks.
- Identify agencies responsible for advising on risk mitigations and plans.
- Track risk status and priorities for focus and action.

## NATIONAL PLANNING

- Have effective operational plans for National Risks that mean we are ready to respond quickly and effectively in a crisis.
- Agree roles and responsibilities ahead of time so we know exactly who does what when a crisis hits.
- Lessons from past experiences are implemented in our future plans.

## NATIONAL EXERCISE PROGRAMME

- Keep agencies and Ministers crisis-ready through regular simulations that test our capabilities and builds experience.

## PUBLIC COMMUNICATION AND PREPAREDNESS

- Build national resilience and empower New Zealanders by keeping them informed and prepared.

## DELIVER

## PRIORITIES FOR BUILDING RESILIENCE

- Take decisive, impactful action to prevent, or reduce the potential likelihood and impact of, crises.

## STRATEGIC CRISIS RESPONSE

- Ensure key decision-makers can set direction in times of crisis based on good quality information and advice.

## MONITORING AND REPORTING

- Keep Ministers and other key decision-makers informed on the status and effectiveness of national risk management.

# Roles and Governance

**The Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet** is the strategic steward and leader of the National Resilience System, responsible for:

- Driving and implementing the National Risk and Resilience Framework across government.
- Prioritising and providing assurance to Ministers and key decision-makers.
- Leading a coordinated government response to an emerging risk or actual crisis through activation of the Officials' Committee for Domestic and External Security Coordination (ODESC) system.

**Governance** is provided through:

- The National Resilience Board (coordinated, whole-of-system governance, with a strategic focus on building long-term resilience).
- The National Security Board (national security threats).
- The Economic Chief Executives Group (economic security).
- The Natural Hazard Risk Reduction Forum (natural hazard risk reduction, including non-climate related natural hazards).
- The National Emergency Management Board (emergency management system readiness).

**Strategic Coordination Agencies**, assigned by the Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet in consultation with relevant agencies, are responsible for:

- Leading and coordinating a whole-of-government strategic approach to a particular National Risk or National Security Strategy core issue.
- This includes working with DPMC and other agencies to deliver relevant activities and meet expectations outlined under the National Risk and Resilience Framework, including providing regular reporting to DPMC on the status and effectiveness of relevant national risk management efforts.

**Lead Agencies** are responsible for:

- Preparing for and managing the response to an emergency or crisis event at the national level.